# Moringa oleifera Lam.

### **Systematic Position**

Kingdom: Plantae

Division: Magnoliophyta

Class: Magnoliopsida

Order: Capparales

Family: Moringaceae

Genus: Moringa

Species: Moringa oleifera Lam.



**Popular names:** Drumstick tree, Horseradish tree, Soajna, Soanjna, Sainjna, Murukai.

Flowering time: January to March

Fruiting time: April to June

**Plant distribution:** It is native to India and Pakistan. In India, it is present in Jammu and Kashmir, Gujarat and Maharashtra.

### **Gardening notes:**

- 1. Propagation: By direct sowing of seeds or root cuttings.
- 2. It requires sandy soil for growth.

#### **Economic importance:**

- Leaves and fruits are rich source of iron, calcium, protein, vitamin A, B and
  C.
- 2. The oil from seeds (Ben oil) is edible and is also used in cosmetics.
- 3. Ben oil is also used by watch makers as lubricant in fine machinery.
- **4.** The branches are used as fodder by deer and monkeys.
- 5. Tender fruits are cooked as vegetable as well as used for making pickle.
- **6.** Seeds have antipyretic property.
- 7. Roots can be made into a condiment similar to horseradish.

**Plant description:** It is a small or medium-sized deciduous tree with beautiful umbrella shaped crown

Root- Tap root and branched.

**Stem-** Aerial, erect, woody, cylindrical and branched, bark smooth and silver in young stems, it becomes pale brown, thick, corky and deeply furrowed when old; **Leaf-** Alternate, tripinnately imparipinnate, petiolate, deciduous; rachis pubescent, pulvinate, slender, and jointed at base, pinnae 5-11, stalk of the pinna articulate at base, pinnules 5-11, petiolule present.

**Inflorescence-** Cymose panicles, axillary.

**Flower-** Hermaphrodite, more or less perigynous, pedicellate, bracteate, white, honey scented, flower clusters can be 50 cm long; Sepals- 5, lanceolate, white and pale green color; Petals- 5 polypetalous, white, hard to distinguish from sepals; Stamens- 5, with yellow colored anthers polyandrous, filaments unequal in length, staminodes 3-5, alternating with fertile stamens, anthers in the fertile stamen

monothecal; Carpels- Ovary oblong, style cylindrical, terminating into flat or truncate or club shaped stigma.

**Fruit-** 9-ribbed pendulous pod, 30-45 cm long and 1-2 cm broad somewhat tomentose when young.

**Seed-** 2-3 cm long embedded in the pits of the valves, 3 angled, winged, blackish and rounded.

## Some close-up pictures of plant parts





